



ICT-56-2020 "Next Generation Internet of Things"

Grant Agreement number: 957218



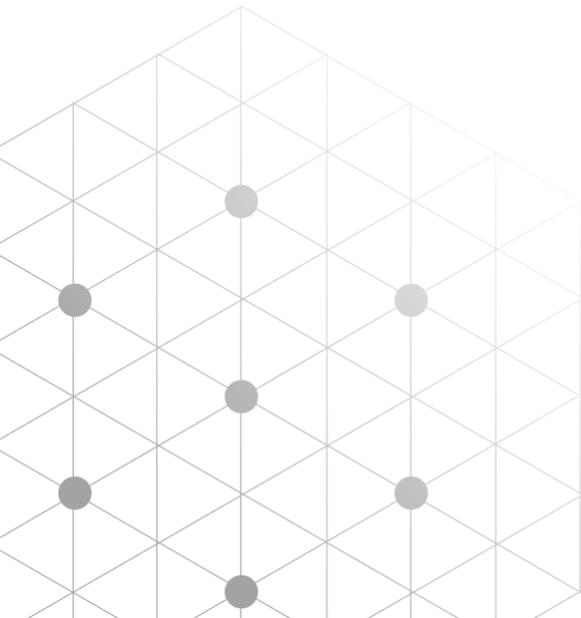
# IntelliOT

## Open Call 2 Guide for Applicants

Submission starts October 1<sup>st</sup>, 2022, at 12:00 CEST

**NEW: Submission deadline is January 9<sup>th</sup>, 2023, at 16:00 CET**

Version 2.0, November 9<sup>th</sup>, 2022



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## General Overview

IntelloT, a pan-European research and innovation project funded by the European Union as part of the Horizon 2020 programme ICT-56-2020 "Next Generation Internet of Things", is organizing the Open Call with the aim to involve startups and SMEs to build applications, services and extensions on the IntelloT technical framework within a special pilot programme.

The Open Call will be used to gain feedback from the participants on the developed framework and technologies as well as to explore different novel business models applied by the Open Call winners. In case of Open Call 1 (which took place in 2021), this feedback will be considered for the evolution of the framework in its 2<sup>nd</sup> release. The Open Call 2 results will feed into the demonstration of the 2<sup>nd</sup> release of the IntelloT framework and will aim to build a sustainable ecosystem beyond the project.

Applicants are invited to submit a short outline of their technology and business proposition, highlighting how they may integrate with the IntelloT framework. The submissions will be evaluated by independent and external experts based on clearly outlined criteria, resulting in the selection of the six best companies per Open Call.

The six selected companies each gain access to the IntelloT project within an up to **6-month pilot (NEW)** to work with the IntelloT partners on the framework. In addition, the selected organizations will receive up to 60,000 Euro for their efforts in accordance with the selection criterion on economic fairness and as necessary to achieve the objectives of the action.

IntelloT partner Startup Colors UG is responsible for the coordination of the Open Calls.

## Introduction to IntelloT

The overarching objective of IntelloT is to develop a reference architecture and framework to enable IoT environments for (semi-)autonomous IoT applications endowed with intelligence that evolves with the human-in-the-loop based on an efficient and reliable IoT/edge- (computation) and network- (communication) framework that dynamically adapts to changes in the environment and with built-in and assured security, privacy and trust. This reference architecture and framework was applied in the heterogeneous use cases encompassed in the project, covering agriculture, healthcare and manufacturing smart environments during cycle 1. For cycle 2, results will feed into the demonstration of the 2<sup>nd</sup> release of the IntelloT framework and ultimately create a sustainable ecosystem beyond the project.

The IntelloT project will mainly focus on three research aspects and associated next generation IoT capability pillars, namely collaborative intelligent systems (IoT), human interaction with the intelligent systems and that all these activities are performed in a trustworthy and secure way. These aspects result in three pillars, which are depicted in Figure 1, and are shortly described below.

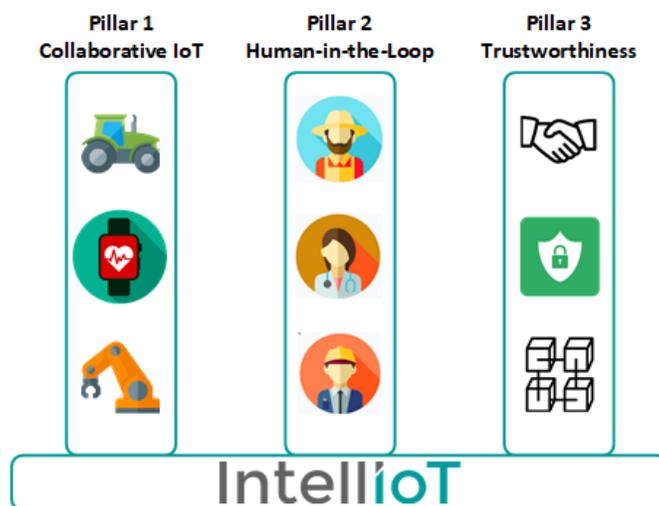


Figure 1: Three pillars of IntelloT

- 1) **Collaborative IoT:** Various semi-autonomous entities (e.g., tractors, robots, healthcare devices, etc.) will need to cooperate in order to execute multiple IoT applications. These entities will have to be self-aware and will all have a different amount of knowledge of the task at hand and their environment where they are located. Unfortunately, it is not always possible to provide all the necessary knowledge to the entities, especially in changing environments. To keep the knowledge of the entities up to date, they need to extend it by applying learning technologies based on Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning. New knowledge can either be acquired by interacting with the environment (via sensors) or by interacting with the other entities in the environment. By exchanging information via a reliable and secure communication network, the entities in the environment will need to collaborate with each other to update their own knowledge to fulfil their assigned task.
- 2) **Human-in-the-Loop:** The human within the system will keep on playing a crucial role in the whole process. The aim is to not remove the human from the system, but use his/her/their know-how & input, in cases where the system does not have the knowledge (yet) to handle the situation and the collaboration with the other entities in the field also does not provide the required information. The interaction with the human (be it either the machine operator, the farmer, the physician or any other person) will enable the intelligent system to expand its knowledge about the environment or the application through machine learning technologies and use the experience from the human operator to learn new features or information about the overall process. Therefore, humans will remain a vital element of the system and will interact with the IoT elements in the system to overcome the current limitations of the system.
- 3) **Trustworthiness:** Security, Privacy and, ultimately, trust are considered as indispensable preconditions for reliability and the wider acceptability of distributed, collaborative IoT systems and applications. Trust of the human (e.g., a patient or farmer) in the system is key, as the system's (autonomous) decisions need to be trusted, and the end-users' data need to be handled with utmost care, by providing appropriate levels of security and privacy safeguards. In this context, and in addition to well-understood security and privacy best practices, IntelloT will adopt advanced security intelligence to protect unsupervised device-to-device interactions, based on self-adaptable, security-related operations. Furthermore, the overall trust will be fortified by continuous monitoring, real-time assurance assessment, and primitives enabling transparency of

performed actions. Distributed ledger technologies (DLT) and smart contracts will be made accessible by IoT devices and other actors to show transparency of performed actions, create trustworthy supply chains and build trust between parties.

## The IntelloT framework

The IntelloT architecture is organised around the three pillars at the heart of the project’s concept; i.e., Collaborative IoT, Human-in-the-loop, and Trustworthiness. Figure 2 provides a high level, simplified view of the IntelloT framework and its building blocks.

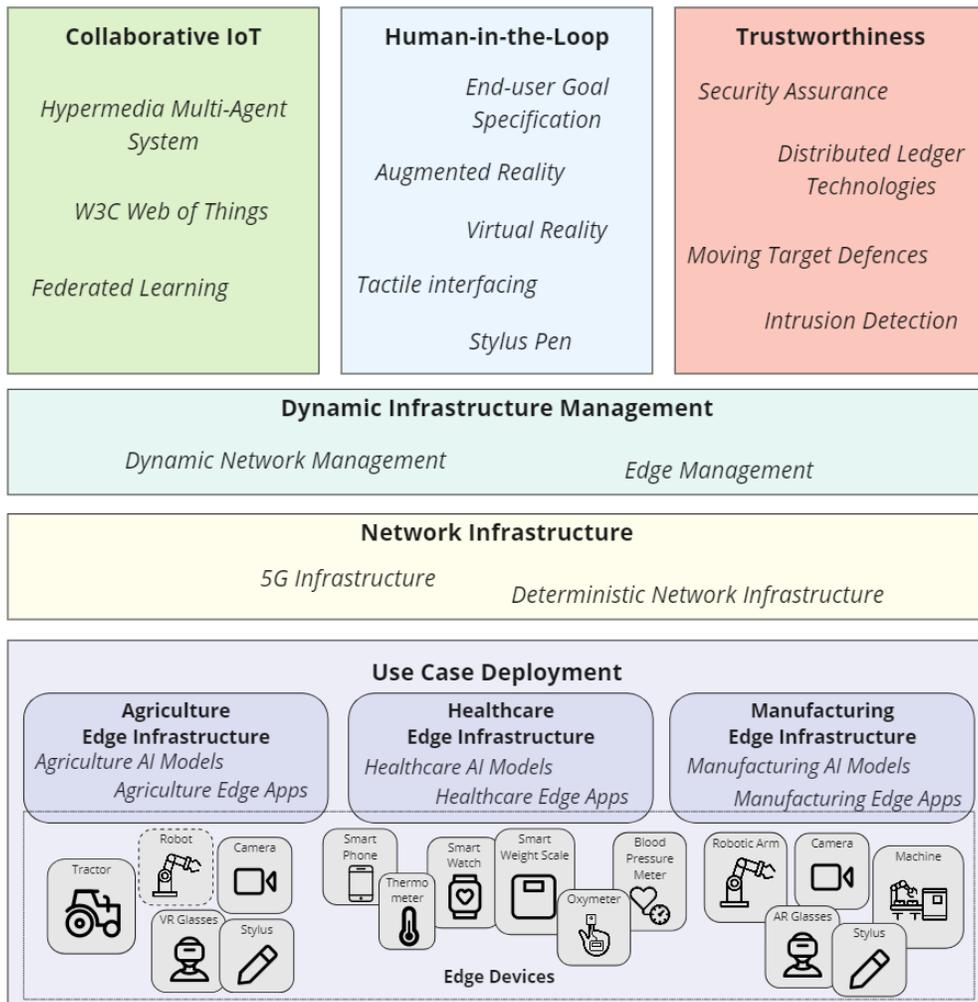


Figure 2: The IntelloT framework – simplified view

In more detail, at the heart of the **Collaborative IoT** (system-wide AI) components is the *Hypermedia Multi-Agent System (HyperMAS) Infrastructure*; a multi-agent system that reacts to incoming end user goal specifications, managing - including discovery and search facilities - available artifacts and agents (defined in W3C WoT Thing Descriptions or W3C WoT Thing Description Templates) along with available procedural knowledge (i.e., agent plans). Moreover,

*Federated Learning* is leveraged to prevent deployed model degradation, address edge cases, and implement data privacy and security.

In terms of the **Human-in-the-Loop** pillar, key elements include the *Goal Specification Front End* which enables the end user (e.g., farmer, customer, doctor) to specify the goal (e.g., "plant wheat in field 5"), sending it to the back end of the Web-based IDE that does the mapping from user goals to the input for the Hypermedia MAS and enables the systems engineer to monitor the system and to specify the agent organization and the procedural knowledge of individual agents. The IntelloT features additional innovative Human-Machine Interface (HMI) capabilities, leveraging *Virtual Reality (VR)* and *Augmented Reality (AR)* technologies (based on Oculus Quest 2<sup>1</sup> and HoloLens 2<sup>2</sup>, respectively – the latter augmented by a *Stylus Pen*) to provide a user friendly, feedback rich and tactile way of interacting with and managing the underlying intelligent infrastructure.

Aiming to provide a solution with **Trustworthiness** by design, a set of trust components are designed, developed, and integrated within IntelloT. A *Security Assurance* platform acts as the trustworthiness hub within the framework, providing continuous, real-time assessment of the security and privacy posture of the underlying IoT deployment and IntelloT itself. Moreover, novel, resource-aware *Distributed Ledger Technologies (DLTs)* are developed and integrated which are based on HyperLedger Fabric (HLF), and are leveraged to provide auditability, reliability, and accountability in all critical operations (transactions) within IntelloT's deployed application domains. Furthermore, trust components include advanced (trust-based) *Intrusion Detection* systems which are augmented by *Moving Target Defence* mechanisms based on agents that administrate the IoT network at runtime to change the system's configuration both proactively and reactively when attacks are detected.

The above three pillars are supported – and their capabilities are enabled – by IntelloT's **dynamically managed network and compute infrastructure**. In more detail, IntelloT features computation resource management and edge management and orchestration capabilities, along with network choreography and management and xApp management and control features. The underlying network infrastructure supporting tactile communication is built upon 5G (5G MEC, 5G vRAN, 5G D2D, Private 5G Core), and *Deterministic - Time-Sensitive Networking (TSN)* - technologies.

## POTENTIAL NEW APPLICATION DOMAINS FOR INTELLIOT'S 2ND OPEN CALL

The 2<sup>nd</sup> Open Call focuses on ecosystem building activities and highlighting the impact and sustainability of the developed solution, the IntelloT framework (see Figure 3 below). Hence, the consortium would like to attract candidates that can offer a validation of the wider applicability of the IntelloT framework into new application domains, in addition to the 3 use cases already covered during cycle 1 within the project (i.e., agriculture, healthcare & manufacturing).

As such, **3 new domains** will become available for IntelloT's validation through Open Call 2, covering areas such as:

- **Energy** (e.g., smart grid, sustainable energy generation & distribution)
- **Construction** (e.g., green building, safety monitoring, tracking of resources & supply chains)
- **Smart Cities** & related domains (e.g., logistics, smart homes, smart mobility)

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<sup>1</sup> <https://www.oculus.com/quest-2>

<sup>2</sup> <https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/hololens>

While the proposed new applications do not have to include and integrate with the full set of IntelloT components, the proposed domains should **at least address 4 components in total from at least 2 out of 4 component areas as shown below:**

- **Collaborative IoT (key pillar 1)**
- **Human-in-the-Loop (key pillar 2)**
- **Trustworthiness (key pillar 3)**
- **Infrastructure management**

### COMPONENTS OF THE INTELLIOT FRAMEWORK

Figure 3 shows the 4 overall areas within which the components are based. It is important to mention, that at this point for OC2, only the components colored in green are available, while the grey-colored ones are still being developed as of now.

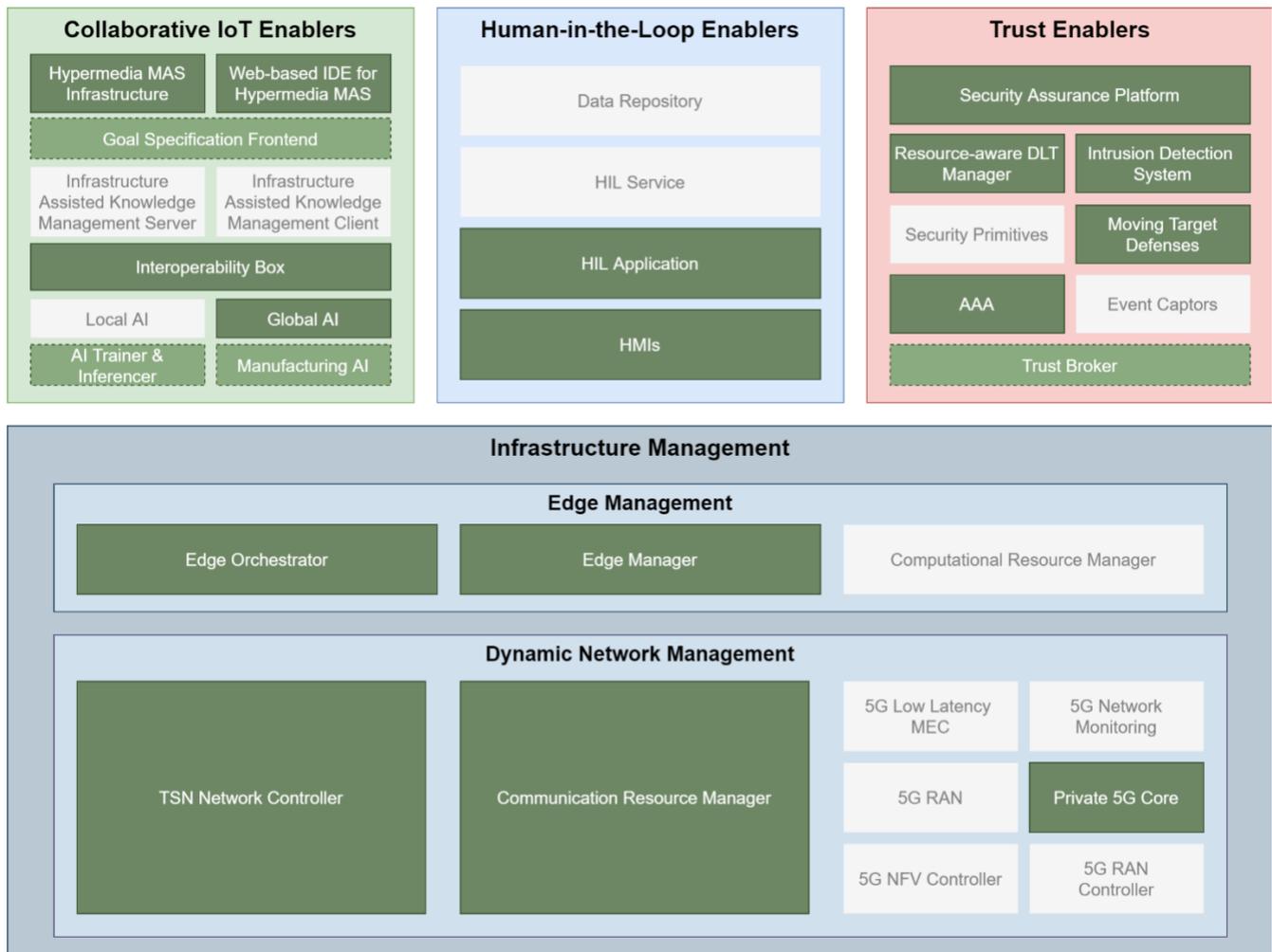


Figure 3: Overview of IntelloT's components within their respective component areas

More details on the framework's components that are available for integration are presented by means of specific one pagers for each component via their respective component areas:

- [Collaborative IoT \(key pillar 1\)](#)
- [Human-in-the-Loop \(key pillar 2\)](#)
- [Trustworthiness \(key pillar 3\)](#)
- [Infrastructure management](#)

In addition to the component one pagers and the related [publicly-available IntelloT deliverables](#) (e.g., D2.6, providing the final IntelloT architecture), the consortium will be readily available throughout the Open Call 2 application stage to provide information regarding the different technologies, licensing schemes and any other details that the applicants may request.

## WHAT TYPES OF CONTRIBUTIONS ARE WE LOOKING FOR?

With the Open Calls, IntelloT aims to broaden the range of new and innovative IoT applications and devices, which make use of the IntelloT framework (Figure 3) in the new target domains as outlined above. To assure a consistent development of sustainable solutions, clear integrations with components of the IntelloT framework need to be described in the Open Call proposals and realized during their execution.

To showcase the suitability of the IntelloT framework as a basis for an ecosystem that can be built on top of, we are seeking additional technological building blocks that can further expand the capabilities of the IntelloT framework. Especially regarding the three new domains (Energy, Construction, Smart Cities) we are looking for extending the capabilities and breadth of applicability of the IntelloT components.

## Application

### ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

The IntelloT Open Calls focus on involving startups and SMEs, in particular medium- and small-sized companies, as per definition from the European Commission ([https://ec.europa.eu/growth/smes/sme-definition\\_en](https://ec.europa.eu/growth/smes/sme-definition_en)).

Please, be aware that while checking the company's status, if it is an SME, the linked parties of the company are also taken into consideration. SME status is calculated in accordance with the rules defined in the [EU recommendation 2003/361](#).

As a summary, the criteria which define an SME are:

- Staff headcount in Full Time Equivalent (FTE) less than 250;
- Annual turnover less or equal to €50 million OR annual balance sheet total less or equal to €43 million.

IntelloT partners and their related entities or entities in which IntelloT partners have shares or other interest are excluded from participating in the Open Calls. The existence of potential conflict of interest among applicants and one or more consortium partners will be taken into consideration. Furthermore, the winning SMEs from IntelloT's OC1 are not eligible for OC2 either.

Each proposal must be submitted by a single applicant, consortia are not allowed.

Organisations must be legally incorporated in the European Union or in one of the Horizon 2020 associated countries to be eligible, for more information please see the attached links regarding the [European Union member states \(EU27\)](#) as well as [countries associated with Horizon 2020](#).

## PROPOSAL / APPLICATION PREPARATION

The Open Call proposal, as well as all corresponding documentation must be written in English. Proposals submitted in any other language will not be evaluated. English is also the only official language during the whole duration of the pilot and, accordingly, any requested deliverables will be admitted only if submitted in English.

All applicants will have to submit an outline of their technology proposition, describing how their technology integrates with or extends the application of the IntelloT framework within the domains. In addition, they will have to describe how they intend to use the funding provided to realize optimal results during the 6-month pilot.

Applicants are not allowed to submit multiple applications. In case that more than one application from the same applicant is submitted, only the one submitted first will be considered and any other will be rejected.

Proposals must be submitted online through the [IntelloT Open Call submission platform](#) on F6S. Proposals submitted by any other means will not be considered for funding.

Within the submission platform, limits for each of the proposal sections are defined which cannot be exceeded. Furthermore, entities taking part in the Open Call are generally expected to:

- Develop and provide scalable and future proof technologies / solutions, e.g., software or hardware, based on existing solutions of the applicant,
- Keep deployed components alive at least until the end of the project lifetime (September 2023),
- Provide access to collected data for the consortium of IntelloT,
- Demonstrate and present the final outcomes (and plans on their exploitations),
- All questions need to be adequately answered and the overall application fully submitted

Overall, no specific TRL is expected, as we are interested in a range of technology maturities. However, with respect to demonstrators we are expecting a maximum TRL of 5.

## FINANCIAL SUPPORT PROVIDED

The EC funding budget for Third Parties available for both Open Calls is 860,000 Euro. The six selected companies during OC2 each gain access to the IntelloT project within an up to 6-month pilot to work with the IntelloT partners. In addition, the selected organizations will receive financial support of up to **60,000 Euro (including 10,000 Euro for travel costs)** for their efforts in accordance with the selection criterion on economic fairness and as necessary to achieve the objectives of the action. Within their application, participants have to describe the expected workplan for the 6-month pilot and the budget required for the successful execution of this workplan.

The beneficiaries will receive the funding as a fixed lump sum. The lump sum is a simplified method of settling expenses in projects financed from Horizon 2020 funds. It means that the grantee is not required to present strictly defined accounting documents to prove the cost incurred (e.g., invoices), but is obliged to demonstrate the implementation of the project in line with the milestones set for the project. Simply speaking it means that we will

assess your progress and quality of your work during interim and final reviews, not your accountancy. The milestones (deliverables and KPIs) will be elaborated at the beginning of the pilot.

The lump sum does not release you from the obligation to collect documentation to confirm the costs under fiscal regulation.

In order to receive the grant, an individual Collaboration Agreement in accordance with Horizon 2020 funding rules has to be signed between the selected organizations and the IntelloT consortium. SIEMENS AG, as the overall coordinator of the IntelloT project, will be responsible for transferring the grants in accordance with the above-mentioned process, and the following installments:

- **After contract signature**, a prepayment of **50% of the requested funding**, in order to avoid cash flow problems, will be issued.
- **One month after the end of the pilot** phase and after validation of an internally submitted progress report and Final Review, the **remaining 50% of the requested funding will be transferred**.

The Collaboration Agreement will include a set of obligations that beneficiaries have towards the European Commission. It is the task of beneficiaries to satisfy these obligations and of the IntelloT consortium partners to inform beneficiaries about them.

An exemplary set of obligations:

- Obligation to submit to any control measures (checks, reviews, audits or investigations) in relation to the participation in the IntelloT project,
- Obligation to keep records,
- Obligation to provide information to the Coordinator or EC or other Consortium Members in order to verify proper implementation of the action and compliance with any other obligation,
- Obligation to adhere to the ethics requirements of the project,
- Liability for damages.

The selected companies shall be responsible for all possible taxes, wire transfer costs and other possible costs related to the payment of grants.

## TIMELINE

The Open Call will be open for applications for at least 2 months. Submissions for the Open Call will be accepted from **October 1<sup>st</sup>, 2022, 12:00 CEST until January 9<sup>th</sup>, 2023, 16:00 CET**.

The applications must be finally submitted through the [online submission platform](#) before the above-mentioned deadline to be accepted for the call. The Organizers might change the submission timeline at their discretion, the change in application timeline will be duly communicated.

The applicants are strongly recommended not to wait until the last minute to submit the proposal. Failure of the proposal to arrive in time for any reason, including extenuating circumstances, will result in rejection of the proposal.

After the closing of the application phase, all submissions will first be checked for eligibility. All eligible applications will then be evaluated as described below, and the winners shall be informed in February 2023 the latest. The 6-month pilots are expected to begin in February / March 2023.

## Evaluation and selection process

The evaluation and selection process of the Open Call is designed to create an open, accountable, multi-step selection process based solely on the merit of the submitted application. All submissions shall receive the same opportunity.

### ELIGIBILITY CHECK

Submitted applications will first be checked according to the "Eligibility criteria" described in the earlier "Application" section, proposals which do not comply with these criteria will be excluded.

### EXTERNAL EVALUATION

Each eligible submitted application shall be evaluated by a minimum of two independent and external experts. The experts will be individuals with experience in the fields of innovation linked to this Open Call and with the highest level of knowledge. All involved experts will sign a declaration of confidentiality concerning the evaluation process and the content of the proposals they evaluate. They will also declare their absence of any conflict of interest for the assigned tasks.

The experts will apply the criteria outlined below:

- **Integration with IntelloT:** This score should reflect how well the plan for integration of the proposed components (applications, services, etc.) with the IntelloT framework and its components (Figure 3) is described. The integration plan should include references to APIs and other interfaces offered by the IntelloT components.
- **Impact and sustainability:** Demonstrate impact through examples showing specific future exploitation potential. Contributions should showcase ways to create added value to an existing IoT solution and enable next-generation IoT technologies across Europe. Further, there should be a guarantee of availability of the resources offered by the proposal after its open call pilot finishes and for how long.
- **Technical excellence:** Soundness of concept, quality of objectives and innovative elements of the proposal.
- **Quality of implementation:** Feasibility of the workplan, quality and effectiveness of the technical methodology, integration with the IntelloT framework components to achieve objectives of the project,
- **Quality of the team:** Quality and relevant experience of the individual participants, quality of the team as a whole, including complementarity, balance and diversity.
- **Economic fairness:** The requested budget should be adequate with the proposed workplan and show appropriateness of the allocation and justification of the resources to be committed (staff, equipment...).

Each criterion will be scored between 1 and 6 points and only entire points are allowed:

- **1 (Fail):** Proposal fails to address the criterion or cannot be assessed due to missing or incomplete information.
- **2 (Poor):** The criterion is addressed in an inadequate manner, or there are serious inherent weaknesses.
- **3 (Fair):** While the proposal broadly addresses the criterion, there are significant weaknesses.
- **4 (Good):** The proposal addresses the criterion well, although improvements would be necessary.
- **5 (Very Good):** The proposal addresses the criterion very well, although certain improvements are still possible.
- **6 (Excellent):** The proposal successfully addresses all relevant aspects of the criterion in question.

Each external evaluator will record their individual evaluation of each proposal using an individual evaluation form. The sum of all evaluation criteria's scores will be the overall score from an external evaluator. The final score for an applicant will be calculated as the average of the individual assessments provided by the several external evaluators. In case the scores of the evaluators differ by (or more than) 3 points in at least one of the award criteria, the bias will be solved by involving a third evaluator in the process. Scores will be considered with 2 decimal points in order to assemble a shortlist of the top ten candidates (regardless of the domain).

A threshold for all evaluation criteria is a score of 4 points. The threshold score for a given evaluation criterion will be assessed by the average scores received by an applicant per criterion by the external evaluators. For example:

- Evaluator A gives a score of 3 for a given evaluation criterion and evaluator B gives a score of 5 for the same criterion, then the overall score of the applicant for that criterion is  $(3 + 5) / 2 = 4$ . Thus, the threshold for the overall score is reached.

Proposals failing to reach this threshold will not be eligible. Only if less than ten applicants reach these thresholds in all evaluation criteria, then the applicants failing to reach the thresholds will be ranked separately in a secondary shortlist. The top-ranked applicants amongst them will complete the primary top ten shortlist of applicants reaching all thresholds and hence will be considered for the grant. For example:

- If only 6 out of 40 applicants reach the threshold in all criteria, then the remaining 34 applicants will be ranked by their average overall score and the top 4 applicants amongst them will join the group of 6 applicants considered for the grant to complete the top ten shortlist.

This way, it may be possible for an applicant with a higher overall score, but not reaching the threshold in one criterion, to be ineligible for the grant. While another applicant with a lower overall score, but reaching all thresholds, being eligible for the funding. For example:

- Applicant A receives the maximum 6 points in 5 out of 6 criteria from 2 external evaluators on average, but only scores 3 points in a single criterion (failing to reach the threshold score of 4). Then the overall score would be  $(6 * 5) + (3 * 1) = 33$
- Applicant B receives the 4 points in all of the 6 criteria from 2 external evaluators on average, reaching the threshold score of 4 in all evaluation criteria. Then the overall score would be  $4 * 6 = 24$
- Applicant A has a higher overall score (33 points) than applicant B (24 points). However, because applicant A failed to reach the threshold score on average from its external evaluators in one criterion, they are not eligible for the grant. While applicant B will be eligible despite its lower overall score of 24 points.

## CONSENSUS MEETING

After the external review, a selection committee formed by members of the consortium partners and potentially external evaluators, will decide by consensus the list of winners selected for the funding, as well as the "reserve list". The discussion will be based on the ranking obtained as a result of the external evaluation.

The results of the consensus meeting will be recorded and with these results in mind, a due diligence with the selected applicants will be carried out. Whilst normally the highest ranked proposals will be selected for funding, the Selection Committee might have fair reasons for objecting to a specific third party, like the alignment with IntelloT's goals for long term impact, commercial competition, as well as the existence of significant ethical concerns or a potential

conflict of interest. In this case, the choice may pass to another proposal on the shortlist. In the end, the 6 potential winning SMEs from OC2 do not need to be split up evenly into the 3 new domains respectively.

In case of ties, the following criteria will be used to rank the proposals, in this order:

1. Impact and sustainability score
2. Technical Excellence score
3. Quality of the Implementation score
4. Integration with IntelloT score
5. Quality/ Diversity of Team score
6. Economic fairness score

Finally, all applicants will be notified whether they have been selected or not.

## **COLLABORATION AGREEMENT**

Before the pilot phase starts, we will ask you to sign the Collaboration Agreement with the IntelloT consortium. To do so, we will ask you to provide documents regarding your formal status. Please do it within the deadlines that will be communicated to you. If you fail to deliver the requested documents on time, without clear and reasonable justification, we will exclude you from the further formal assessment and you will be replaced with a company from the reserve list.

## **Pilot Program**

This subsection aims to provide an overview of key elements to be included in the operational agreement that will be drafted between the IntelloT consortium and the Open Call 2 winners, thus sketching the expected outcomes that the winners should deliver and the collaboration process.

To that end, Table 1 provides an overview of expected outcomes (to be refined on a case-by-case basis, following selection), while Table 2 provides an overview of the management & implementation tracking aspects that will be followed for each of the winners, throughout their collaboration with the IntelloT consortium.

Outcomes	
<b>Expected results to be included in the OC2 Operational Agreement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identification of exact technologies to be delivered &amp; their specification</li> <li>• Integration of components into the IntelloT architecture</li> <li>• Delivery of components (list of specific components to be provided)</li> <li>• Contribution in IntelloT’s domain demonstration               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Inclusion of the above technologies into domain storylines.</li> <li>○ Integration of the chosen components into the design of IntelloT framework.</li> <li>○ Demonstration of the integration of selected components on the basis of at least one of the domains to be jointly agreed between IntelloT and the selected candidate.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Table 1. Expected outcomes of each OC2 action

Implementation of the Extension	
<b>Outline scope of work</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Open Call partners take part in bi-weekly UC and/or WP meetings respectively based on the needs of the project.</li> </ul>
<b>Deliverable 1</b>	<b>OC2 Milestone 1 [M1]: Integration Design &amp; Implementation planning complete</b>
Description	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Architecture, domain storylines, requirement analysis &amp; KPIs,</li> <li>• Implementation Design for integration of all selected components into the IntelloT’s architectural design</li> <li>• Joint selection of at least one domain for which the integration design will need to be implemented.</li> </ul>
Submission Date	End of Month 1 [M1] of the action
<b>Deliverable 2</b>	<b>Intermediate review</b>
Description	Presentation slides (planned integration, demo of standalone components)
Submission Date	End of Month 2 [M2] of the action
<b>Deliverable 3</b>	<b>OC2 Milestone 2 [M6]: Final Demonstration</b>

Description	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Demonstration of final integrated solution in context of (and at) agreed UC location [M6].</li> <li>• Validation of identified relevant KPIs [M6].</li> <li>• Deliverables: Software/Executable + Demo + Report</li> <li>• After 6 months there will be presentation + demonstration of all Open Call partners to IntelloT consortium.</li> </ul>
Submission Date	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• End of Month 6 [M6] of the action</li> </ul>

Table 2. Implementation aspects of each Open Call 2 action

## Additional Information

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY AND PUBLICATION RIGHTS

Participants retain full and exclusive ownership of their prior information and intellectual property rights. By submitting their application participants warrant that they hold ownership or have legally secured the right to use all elements of the technology. Participants shall indemnify and hold harmless the IntelloT project partners, or any assignee or affiliate for any allegations or claims by third parties of infringement of intellectual property rights by the technology of participants.

Participants shall have the right to further develop, use and license their intellectual property rights for creating, making, marketing, and distributing products, services and technology.

By submitting their application forms, the selected companies agree to the possible inclusion of their technology in any media coverage by IntelloT and its partners, such as press releases or publications. The content of such publications will be checked with the companies and only published after approval. Also, all winners agree that their personal data, such as their names and affiliations, pictures, videos and sounds may be used and processed for such purposes by IntelloT and its partners.

**The ownership of the IP rights arising from the development of a project, within the scope of this program, shall belong to the corresponding SME/consortium, as referred in the signed consortium agreement.**

The following aspects will be considered in the agreement:

#### **Knowledge management (IPR, data, and open access)**

The *IntelloT* consortium pays particular attention to the knowledge protection (background and foreground). The knowledge management and IPR protection strategy aims to be as open as possible to achieve maximum impact of the project results, so the default rule is for results to be public.

**Background knowledge** remains the property of the participant that brings it into the project. It is offered by the corresponding partner royalty free for the implementation of the project only.

**Foreground knowledge** is owned by the participant(s) creating it. This can be used by any of the partners for scientific/research purposes without any other obligation. It can also be used for commercial purposes by any of the partners according to the IPR agreement, which will be signed by all partners. Further, it cannot be used by others without the permission of the corresponding partner even if this is related to scientific/research purposes.

**Deliverables and prototypes** will be offered to the wider public through the website of the project. All other deliverables and prototypes will be protected by the IPR agreement.

**Publication of journal and conference papers** will be uploaded to the project website.

**Open source and standards** will be influenced by the *IntelloT* consortium in order to provide benefit for the European community.

**Data** generated or collected as part of the project will be carefully managed regarding privacy concerns of user related data.

## ETHICS

Ethics is currently a topic in Artificial Intelligence standardization (e.g. ISO IEC JTC1 SC42), where there is a general consensus that they will not standardize ethics or ethical values. Ethical values are defined by the societal and cultural environment and may change over time. Therefore, it hardly makes sense to standardize these values and they are not a technology specific issue. What is important is that technologies may enable and provide new applications that may impact the ethical values of a society. A negative impact on these values will decrease the trust people have in the technology and hamper its acceptance by the society. Trustworthiness, the degree to which users and all stakeholders have confidence that a product or system will behave as intended, is therefore an issue for each technology. IoT trustworthiness aspects are mainly related to privacy, security and safety. *IntelloT* therefore proposes to focus on IoT Trustworthiness.

As the use and impact of IoT and autonomous and intelligent systems become pervasive, we need to establish societal and policy guidelines for such systems to remain human-centric, serving humanity's values and ethical principles. These IoT systems must be developed and should operate in a way that is beneficial to the users and their environment, beyond simply reaching functional goals and addressing technical problems. This approach will foster the heightened level of trust between people and used IoT technology that is needed for its fruitful use in our daily lives. Typically, IoT systems are specifically designed to reduce the necessity for human intervention in our day-to-day lives. In doing so, these new systems are also raising concerns about their impact on individuals and societies. IoT systems/ Machines do not, in terms of classical autonomy, comprehend the moral or legal rules they follow. They move according to their programming, following rules that are designed by humans. This requires ethical and values-based design, development, and implementation of IoT systems, that should be guided by the following general principles:

- Human Rights: IoT shall be created and operated to respect, promote, and protect internationally recognized human rights.
- Well-being: IoT creators shall adopt increased human well-being as a primary success
- Data Privacy: IoT creators shall empower individuals with the ability to access and securely share their data, to maintain people's capacity to have control over their identity.
- Effectiveness: IoT shall provide evidence of the effectiveness and fitness for purpose.
- Transparency: The basis of a particular IoT decision should always be discoverable.
- Accountability: IoT needs to provide an unambiguous rationale for all decisions made.
- Awareness of Misuse: IoT creators shall guard against all potential misuses and risks of IoT in operation.

- Competence: IoT creators shall specify and IoT operators shall adhere to the knowledge and skill required for safe and effective operation.

IoT systems solve many real-life problems, but they create serious ethical concerns and legal challenges related to:

- Protection of privacy
- Data security
- Data usability
- Data user experience
- Trust
- Safety, etc.

Trustworthiness is the degree to which users and all stakeholders of IoT system have confidence that a product or system will behave as intended. Trustworthiness is a major issue for the acceptance of a technology by the society especially if applications enabled by a new technology may have negative impact on ethical values of the society. Standards can support adherence to ethical principles, while supporting a wide range of ethical value systems.

From an IoT point of view the following areas are of major importance when considering trustworthiness:

Privacy: due to the vast amount of personal and related data that might be gathered by IoT applications

Information security: due to the possibility to have access IoT devices from basically everywhere in the world in case they are connected to the Internet

Safety: in case physical equipment and processes, which can lead to harm to humans, property and the environment, are controlled via IoT

It should be noted that these topics must be evaluated in a holistic view for a system taking its specific functionality, the environment and all deployed technologies into account. IoT may introduce specific issues, vulnerabilities and threads related to a specific topic. ISO/IEC JTC SC41 has work items on a Trustworthiness Framework and Methodology for trustworthiness of IoT system/service.

Based on above general principles, concerns and legal challenges about Ethics, to reach the aims of the *IntelloT* project, user and/IoT device data needs to be collected and stored, e.g., to develop distributed AI algorithms and applications.

Following paragraphs describe further details where data needs to be extracted from existing infrastructures at the clinical site, de-identified, and processed for algorithm development and validation. Additionally, patients are enabled to access, communicate and process their health-related data. These (and related) actions can raise ethical and privacy implications. Therefore, the consortium will ensure that the proposed research activities comply with all legal and ethical requirements and that all necessary measures are taken to protect the rights of any data subject that could be involved. In no case, and under no circumstances, will the consortium do research activities that involve sensitive issues without considering EU legislation and proper authorisation from the Ethics Committee of the clinical partner, PAGNI, and of the other partners involved in the data processing tasks.

To further enhance our efforts concerning the implementation of the applicable EU and national regulations and the compliance with all legal and ethical requirements, our External Advisory Board includes Prof. Dr. Nikolaus Forgó who

is a prominent expert on the topics of IT law, European data protection (EU regulations and their implementation in the member states), and related ethics aspects. Prof. Forgó will regularly provide feedback and recommendations on the relevant activities of the project.

## DATA PROTECTION

The sole purpose of the collection of data is to verify the eligibility of the submitted applications and to identify the best proposals. Only for the purposes of the execution of the Open Call participants will provide name and email address ("personal data"). Startup Colors UG will process the submitted material according to the European General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR).

The evaluation of the submitted applications will be done within F6S (<http://www.f6s.com>), an online submission management tool by F6S Network Limited.

**YOUR CONSENT TO THE USE OF F6S AS SUBMISSION AND EVALUATION TOOL:** By submitting your application within this Open Call you implicitly state your consent to the F6S Terms and Conditions as well as the Privacy policy of F6S, available under <https://www.f6s.com/terms> and <https://www.f6s.com/privacy-policy>

**YOUR CONSENT TO THE USE OF PERSONAL DATA:** By submitting your application within this competition you consent that Startup Colors UG will collect, transfer, process, store and delete your data under above-mentioned conditions.

## COORDINATOR & CONTACT

The IntelloT Open Calls are organized by the IntelloT project consortium. Startup Colors UG is responsible for the central coordination of the Open Calls, coordinating the dissemination, application, and evaluation process.

Open Call Coordinator is:

Startup Colors UG  
Pettenkoferstr. 4c, 10247 Berlin  
Email: [intelliot@startupcolors.com](mailto:intelliot@startupcolors.com)

For any enquiries regarding the IntelloT Open Call topics and process, submission procedure, or any other general issues, please contact the coordinator.

## COMPLAINTS

If, after receiving the results of one of the evaluation phases (when foreseen), you consider that a mistake has been made, you can send us your complaint. To do so please send us your complaint in English by email to: [intelliot@startupcolors.com](mailto:intelliot@startupcolors.com), including the following information:

- your contact details (including email address),
- the subject of the complaint,
- information and evidence regarding the alleged breach.

You have **5 calendar days** to submit your complaint starting from the day of becoming aware of the grounds for the rejection. We will review your complaint within no more than seven calendar days from its reception. If we need more time to assess your complaint, we will inform you by email about the extension.

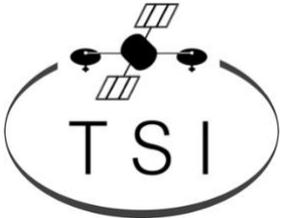
We will not review anonymous complaints as well as complaints with incomplete information.

Please take into account that the external evaluation is run by experts in the IOT field, and we do not interfere with their assessment, therefore we will not evaluate complaints related to the results of the evaluation.

The Eligibility Check is carried out by the partners of the IntelloT project. Should you have any concerns related to this evaluation phase, submit your complaints as described above.

## PARTNERS

	<p><a href="#">Siemens AG</a> (headquartered in Berlin and Munich) is a global powerhouse in electronics and electrical engineering. Operating in the fields of automation, electrification and mainly also digitalization, Siemens holds leading market positions in all its business areas. For more than 171 years, Siemens stands for technological excellence, innovation, quality, reliability, and internationality. By discussing, sharing, and implementing ideas with scientists from outside the company, especially with 25 preferred universities and numerous research centers, Siemens researchers keep abreast of the latest findings resulting from fundamental and applied research all over the world. Concerning the IntelloT Projects, three research groups will be involved: Industrial Networks, Wireless Networks and Mechatronic Systems. They combine research on communication technologies with applications such as (indoor) localization, as well as a holistic view on architectures and systems for the Internet of Things and mechatronics, such as robotic systems. This research finds its use in all Siemens business domains, e.g., in the definition and evaluation of the emerging 5G technology for the manufacturing shop floor, asset tracking for smart hospital management, the advanced engineering of intelligent office environments, or AI-based robot control.</p>
	<p><a href="#">EURECOM</a> is a graduate-level engineering school and research center that offers master and postmaster programs in the area of Digital Sciences and C-ITS. EURECOM is composed of three departments: Digital Security, Big Data and Communication Systems. The Communications Systems department (participating in this project) has a long expertise in cellular networks both from access stratum to cellular networking and management. EURECOM belongs to the Institut Mine Telecom and has 6 academics and 7 industrial members within its Economical Interest Group and is a founding member and strategy contributor to the Open5G Platform 'OpenAirInterface'. Thanks to its strong ties set up with the industry, EURECOM was awarded the "Institut Carnot" label jointly with the Institut Mines Telecom right from 2006.</p>
	<p><a href="#">Aalborg University</a> (AAU) is a dynamic and innovative university of more than 20,000 students and 3,000 staff, with very strong engineering background and close ties with industry. AAU is engaged in more than 2600 externally funded research projects and has been continuously ranked among top institutions worldwide, e.g., according to US News World Ranking, as well as to the 2018 MIT report. The Department of Electronic Systems is one of the largest departments at AAU and is internationally recognized for the contributions in information and communication technology. Research activities are carried out in cooperation with industry and national and international research institutions. The project will be carried by Connectivity (CNT) section at the Department of Electronic Systems at AAU. CNT conducts research</p>

	<p>connectivity enablers, dominantly wireless, both in fundamental and practical aspects. CNT is well-known for its pioneering results in the field of Internet-of-Things, publishing innovative and original works on short-packet communications, advanced wireless access networking schemes for massive IoT and ultra-reliable low-latency communications (URLLC). CNT staff took part in the flagship EU research projects on 5G and IoT technology.</p>
 <p>The logo of the University of Oulu features a stylized blue shield with a white cross, topped with three green vertical bars. Below the shield, the text "UNIVERSITY OF OULU" is written in blue capital letters.</p>	<p>The <a href="#">University of Oulu</a> is an international science university that creates innovation for the future, well-being, and knowledge through multidisciplinary research and education. The involved Centre for Wireless Communications (CWC) is a large university-based research unit operating within the Faculty of Information Technology and Electrical Engineering at the University. The objective of CWC is to provide a widely recognized, high-quality international research and learning environment for its 150 research staff members thus enabling the production of cutting-edge research results and novel innovations in cooperation with its research partners. The scope of CWC spans a comprehensive range of wireless telecommunications topics. The research builds on radio channel competence, expanding through communications signal processing and radio access technologies, finally addressing the wireless internet working domain. CWC also applies basic knowledge to the application of wireless technology in several fields, including 5G, medical ICT as well as energy and environment. The 5GTN developments serve as a major validation platform for the 5G FRINGE project. Previously, CWC has been one of the few academic partners from Europe to participate in the development process of 3G and IMT-A (4G) cellular standards.</p>
 <p>The logo for TTControl features the word "TTControl" in a large, bold, blue sans-serif font. Below it, the words "HYDAC INTERNATIONAL" are written in a smaller, red, all-caps sans-serif font.</p>	<p><a href="#">TTControl GmbH</a> is a leading supplier in the field of safety controls, displays and connectivity solutions for mobile machinery. TTControl boasts a broad experience regarding commercial production projects in the domain of electronic control systems for mobile machinery that rely on their equipment to function under the most difficult environmental conditions. TTControl is a joint venture of the TTTech Group and HYDAC International, uniting two leading technology partners for the mobile machinery market. The TTTech Group is globally oriented and formed of high-tech companies providing leading real-time networking platforms and safety controls, while HYDAC International works with well-known global customers on projects requiring fluid technology in connection with hydraulics, electronics and engineering. TTControl is headquartered in Vienna, Austria and in Bressanone/Brixen, Italy and has access to a global sales network thanks to the HYDAC and TTTech Group offices worldwide. Including contractors and freelancers, more than 130 employees are working for TTControl.</p>
 <p>The logo for the Telecommunication Systems Institute (TSI) consists of a black oval containing a stylized network diagram with nodes and lines. Below the diagram, the letters "TSI" are written in a large, black, sans-serif font.</p>	<p>The <a href="#">Telecommunication Systems Institute (TSI)</a> is a National Research Institute founded by the Greek Ministry of Education in 1995. TSI operates within the framework of the Technical University of Crete as an administratively independent entity. Its mission is to spearhead basic and applied research in telecommunications and allied areas, contribute to graduate education, service, and outreach activities, and promote technological development at the regional and national level. TSI is entirely funded from external research and development grants and contracts in</p>

	<p>telecommunications and allied areas: telecommunication systems/networks and network services, networking hardware, sensors, RF, and high-performance computing systems, machine learning, information systems, big data analytics, signal processing for telecommunications, speech, language and image processing, and biomedical applications. TSI has had significant experience in FP6, FP7 and H2020 projects, including FET, acting on many occasions as coordinator. It has also adopted a strategy of promoting the commercial exploitation of R&amp;D results, by providing services and contracting with industrial partners for specific products.</p>
	<p><a href="#">Philips</a> is a diversified health and well-being company, focused on improving people's lives through meaningful innovation in the areas of Healthcare and Consumer Lifestyle. The company is a leader in cardiac care, acute care, digital pathology, and home healthcare. In an increasingly connected world, the convergence of Philips' consumer technologies that facilitate healthy living, medical technologies that help clinicians to deliver better diagnosis and treatment, and cloud-based technologies that enable data sharing and analysis, will be a key enabler of more effective, lower-cost integrated health solutions. This fits very well with the core strengths of Philips in professional healthcare and in consumer health and well-being. The company brings expertise of applying IoT in healthcare, integrating consumer and clinical data to create smarter and more meaningful connected consumer and care solutions, enabling seamless patient care. Specifically, to healthcare, stringent requirements for data security, privacy, and regulatory compliance, make such integration a very challenging task as well as embedded software, supporting tailor-made solutions that maximize the performance of devices. This requires a combined expertise in the cloud, IoT security, regulatory and connectivity technologies.</p>
	<p><a href="#">Sphynx Analytics Ltd</a> is a subsidiary company of Sphynx Technology Solutions AG, which offers solutions and consulting services, in the areas of big data analytics with a focus on analytics for cybersecurity, and for healthcare systems and services. The solutions offered are based on two core underlying technologies of its mother company Sphynx Technology Solutions, namely a model-driven big data analytics engine, and a complex event processing engine based in event calculus. Key innovative features of the analytics platform of the company include the realization of a model-driven data analytics approach in which analytics are embedded in the context of and driven by models that describe the decision-making based on the evidence arising from it, and the execution of trustworthy analytics (e.g., seamlessly embedded checks within the core computations of the SPARK platform services). Sphynx analytics offers also consulting services and has expertise in providing customized big data analytics and cybersecurity solutions tailored to client needs as well as more general training on analytics, security assessment and cyber intelligence.</p>
	<p>The <a href="#">University of St. Gallen</a> (HSG) was founded as a business academy in 1898, and is nowadays a School of Management, Economics, Law, Social Sciences, and International Affairs. While extending HSG's study programs towards Computer Science MSc and BSc degrees, it established its Institute of</p>

	<p>Computer Science in August 2018 with the creation of four initial chaired professorships. From HSG, the participating entity in the proposed project is the Chair of Interaction- and Communication-based Systems that is led by Prof. Dr. Simon Mayer. Within its research agenda, the team, which currently consists of eight individuals, explores interactions among devices and people in ubiquitous environments. Our focus is on the integration of physical things into the Web, on increasing the autonomy of Web-enabled devices and on making interactions of connected devices intelligible for people.</p>
	<p><a href="#">Holo-Light</a> is a tech company based in Munich, Germany, recognized as a pioneer in developing Augmented and Mixed Reality solutions for Enterprises, many of which are already implemented by global market leaders in several verticals and use cases. They are also pioneering in tackling the biggest issues in fully actualizing the potential of AR and MR. Through the development of deep tech, for example, they render 3D content remotely on edge computing systems and 5G infrastructures with low-latency data transmission. Their revolutionary input device Holo-Stylus (Winner in 2018 of the "German Innovation Award" and the "Auggie Award" for the best input device at Augmented World Expo in Santa Clara) allows users to naturally and precisely interact with 3D content.</p>
	<p><a href="#">AVL List GmbH</a> is the world's largest privately-owned company for the development, simulation, and testing technology of powertrains (hybrid, combustion engines, transmission, electric drive, batteries and software) for passenger cars, trucks and large engines. AVL has about 4150 employees in Graz (Austria), and a global network of 45 representations and affiliates resulting in more than 10,000 employees worldwide. AVL's Powertrain Engineering division activities are focused on the research, design and development of various powertrains in the view of low fuel consumption, low emission, low noise and improved drivability. The Agricultural market is one of the most demanding but also exciting markets. Highest requirements and customer expectations regarding functionality, efficiency and comfort are the driving factors in this branch. One of the major challenges for the off-highway OEMs is to manage the application diversity in a cost-effective manner. Sophisticated tools and methodologies from AVL keep the development time and cost to a minimum. Based on the latest technologies, air to air communication, various sensor inputs and signal processing enable developments to optimize the complete process and increase production and quality.</p>
	<p><a href="#">Startup Colors</a> is a Berlin-based innovation and communications agency specialized in startup consulting, innovation strategy as well as ecosystem building. Founded in 2018, the agile agency is run like a startup with a team of 10 full-time and additional part-time and freelance experts. In the previous 10 years, working in the startup ecosystem in Europe, the Startup Colors team has worked with over 2000 startups.</p>



ΠΑΝΕΠΙΣΤΗΜΙΑΚΟ ΓΕΝΙΚΟ  
ΝΟΣΟΚΟΜΕΙΟ ΗΡΑΚΛΕΙΟΥ

The [University General Hospital of Heraklion](#) was founded in 1989 and is the major hospital in Crete, Greece. As a University Hospital, it shares a long-standing affiliation with the University of Crete. It covers a population of approximately 650,000 and has more than 750 beds and over 1,700 staff members. It is the referral hospital for the island of Crete and all the Aegean Islands. Cardiovascular services include heart care, heart surgery, and treatment for all types of heart disease. The Department of Cardiology at the University Hospital provides comprehensive evaluation, consultation, and medical and surgical management of diseases of the heart and circulatory system. With the latest technology, skilled physicians and compassionate staff, the department provides care for abnormalities of cardiac rhythm and conduction, coronary artery disease, cardiomyopathies, heart failure and valvular heart disease. The Hospital is also at the forefront of implementing Management Information Systems technology. Further, it is working actively in the development and advance of research in the sector of medicine and other relevant sciences. In this direction, it applies and develops research projects, scientific researches and collaborates with other relevant institutions as well as with international organizations on scientific and research projects.